Serial No.: 10/797,232

Paper Dated: November 29, 2007

to Official Action of May 31, 2007

AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION

Specification:

Kindly delete, without prejudice, the following paragraphs of the specification and insert

the following therefor:

1. On page 1, lines 4 through 6:

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims priority to <u>United States</u> Provisional Patent Application No.

60/331,316, filed November 14, 2001, and United States Patent Application No. 10/247,063,

filed on September 18, 2002, now Untited States Patent No. 6,923,654, each of which is herein

incorporated herein in its entirety.

2. On page 2, lines 25 through 31:

It requires significant artistic skill, time, anatomical knowledge, and experience to

recreate eyes and eyelids in a taxidermy manikin so that they look natural and symmetrical. If

the pupil is not centered within the eye socket, for example, the eye may be misplaced. Also, if

the eye is not located so that it appears to be looking in a life-like direction on the mounted

animal, the entire completed mount will appear unnatural. Moreover, for example, some animal

species characteristically look downward as well as forward for ward, and so the appropriate

downward angle must be established.

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3. On page 8, lines 19 through 30:

The concave eye shape of the preferred embodiment is perhaps best visualized as a wedge of cantaloupe or other hollow fruit. For example, if cut in half on a plane crossing the midpoint of a spherical melon (a hemisphere), the flesh would have two concentric surfaces – an outside convex side and a matching inner concave side following, in general, the same or similar curvature as the outer convex side. When this concept is transferred to the artificial eyes of the preferred embodiment, the outer convex side is the visible portion 11 of the eye when mounted, while the inner concave side is the back or inner side 12 of the mounted eye. Further in the preferred artificial eye embodiments of the present invention, the partially hemispherical front surface of the eye can be visualized as having two concentric surfaces - a front, visible, convex side 11, and a back, concave side 12 that is affixed to the manikin eye socket or mounting device, e.g., as illustrated in FIG. 43. This is referred to herein as a "modified" artificial eye configuration or a "modified, partially hemispherical" artificial eye configuration.

4. On page 9, lines 14 through 25:

When the modified, partially hemispherical artificial eye configuration is used, the eyemounting area 40 of the manikin is may be molded into a convex arc that matches the concave
form of the backside 12 of eye 10. However, turning to FIG. 4, a view is presented of eye
mounting area 40, comprising eye socket 30, such as might be seen on a manikin or the like in
accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention. Eye socket 30 is molded into
and forms an integral part of the manikin, and comprises a recess 56 (which may be called an
"eye slot"), having an upper rim 58 and a lower rim 51. Upper rim 58 has an upper surface 52;
whereas lower rim 51 has a lower surface 54. Upper surface 52 and lower surface 54 preferably

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meet and surround eye socket 30, although embodiments may exist in which the upper and lower

surfaces of the eye socket do not completely surround the eye socket. Upper and lower surfaces

52 and 54 are oriented and have an area, such that eye socket 30 provides correct orientation of

eye 10 when it is set in place in eye socket 30.

5. On page 13, lines 16 through 22:

Eye mounting piece 60 is affixed with epoxy or other adhesive or bonding materials, of

any type known in the art. The eye embodiment 60 is installed directly into recess 81 65,

wherein the draped skin is drawn up to surround the eye and pressed in place as described above,

leaving no residual space for movement of the inset eye. Alternatively, eye-mounting piece 60

may be configured so as to mate with a surface of eye 10, in a method similar to the mating

described above with regard to the embodiments of FIGs 1-5. Fastening means, e.g., epoxy or

adhesives, may then be used as desired.

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